2017 CERTIFICATION ECEIVED-WATER SUPPLY Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) 2018 JUL -2 AM 9: 18

Town of Carrollton

Public Water System N	ame
List PWS ID #s for all Community Water Sys	
List PWS ID #s for all Community Water Sys	tems included in this CCR
The Federal Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) requires each Community a Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) to its customers each year. Depermust be mailed or delivered to the customers, published in a newspaper request. Make sure you follow the proper procedures when distributing mail, a copy of the CCR and Certification to the MSDH. Please check	nding on the population served by the PWS, this CCR of local circulation, or provided to the customers upon the CCR. You must email, fax (but not preferred) or all boxes that apply.
Customers were informed of availability of CCR by: (Attach	
Advertisement in local paper (Attach cop	py of advertisement)
☐ On water bills (Attach copy of bill)	
☐ Email message (Email the message to the	e address below)
☐ Other	
Date(s) customers were informed://2018	/ /2018 / /2018
CCR was distributed by U.S. Postal Service or other directed used	
Date Mailed/Distributed://	
CCR was distributed by Email (Email MSDH a copy)	
□ As a URL	(Provide Direct URL)
☐ As an attachment	
☐ As text within the body of the email mes	sage
CCR was published in local newspaper. (Attach copy of publ	ished CCR <u>or</u> proof of publication)
Name of Newspaper: The Winong Times	
Date Published: 6/14/18	
CCR was posted in public places. (Attach list of locations)	Date Posted: / / 2018
CCR was posted on a publicly accessible internet site at the fe	ollowing address:
	(Provide Direct URL)
CERTIFICATION I hereby certify that the CCR has been distributed to the customers of this above and that I used distribution methods allowed by the SDWA. I further and correct and is consistent with the water quality monitoring data provided of Health, Bureau of Public Water Supply	to the PWS officials by the Mississippi State Department
- Tusant Sunn	6-29-18
Name/Title (President, Mayor, Owner, etc.) Susan Dunn, Vice Mayor	Date
Submission options (Select one	method ONLY)
Mail: (U.S. Postal Service) MSDH, Bureau of Public Water Supply P.O. Box 1700 Lackson, MS 39215	Email: water.reports@msdh.ms.gov Fax: (601) 576 - 7800 **Not a preferred method due to poor clarity**

CCR Deadline to MSDH & Customers by July 1, 2018!

RECEIVED-WATER SUPPLY

Annual Drinking Water Quality Report Town of Carrollton PWS ID # 0080002 May, 2018

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Water Quality Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Our water source consists of 3 wells that draw from the Middle Wilcox Aquifer.

A source water assessment has been completed for the water supply to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water to identify potential sources of contamination. The water supply for the Town of Carrollton received a lower susceptibility ranking to contamination.

We're pleased to report that our drinking water meets all federal and state requirements.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Galen Shumaker at 662-674-5353. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held on the first Tuesday of each month at Carrollton Town Hall at 6:00 p.m.

The Town of Carrollton routinely monitors for constituents in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table shows the results of our monitoring for the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2017. As water travels over the land or underground, it can pick up substances or contaminants such as microbes, inorganic and organic chemicals, and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some constituents. It's important to remember that the presence of these constituents does not necessarily pose a health risk.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Treatment Technique (TT) - A treatment technique is a required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

Maximum Contaminant Level - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal - The "Goal" (MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

				TEST R	ESULTS	3		
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measurement	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorganic C	Contami	nants						
10. Barium	N	2014*	0.0436	No Range	Ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
13. Chromium	N	2014*	6.7	No Range	Ppb	100	100	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N	1/1/15 to 12/31/17	0.3	None	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
17. Lead	N	1/1/15 to 12/31/17	1	None	ppb	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
19. Nitrate (as Nitrogen)	N	2017	0.13	No Range	ppm	10	10	Runoff from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks, sewage; erosion of natural deposits
Disinfectan	ts & Di	sinfectan	t By-Pr	oducts				
Chlorine (as Cl2)	N	1/1/147 to 12/31/17	2.40	0.80 to 3.50	ppm	4	4	Water additive used to control microbes
73. TTHM [Total tri- halomethanes]	N	2017	2.49	No Range	ppb	0	80	By-product of drinking water chlorination
HAA5	N	2017	4	No Range	ppb	0	60	By-product of drinking water chlorination

^{*} Most recent sample results available

Additional Information for Lead

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Town of Carrollton is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing for \$10 per sample. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested..

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

Please call our office if you have questions.

Affidavit (Proof) of Publication

THE WIND NATIMES Serving the Crossroads 1881

State of Mississippi, County of Montgomery

Annual Drinking Water Quality Report Town of Carrollton PWS 1D 4 0080092 May. 2018

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Before me, Hullida Syton Ferguson a Notary Public of said state, county and city, personally appeared Tina Gatlin, clerk of The Winona Times who upon oath stated that noticed shown at left hereto was published in said newspaper on the date(s) listed below:

Vol. 136 No.24 Date: June 14,2018

The Winona Times P.O. Box 151, Winona, MS 38967 (662) 2 email: bookeeping@winonatimes.com (662) 283-1131 or publisher@winonatimes.com

Sworn to and subscribed before me, this

the 19th day of June, 2018

Notary Bublic

AMANDA SEXTON FERGUSON

April 11, 2021 -2